

## IMPEACHMENT FOR SULZER

Sufficient Testimony Taken  
to Justify It, Says  
Frawley

## STOCK FIRM'S DAMAGING EVIDENCE

Threatened to Sell Out Sulzer  
Last June for Amount  
Due on Account

New York, Aug. 9.—Governor William Sulzer of New York was nearly \$50,000 in debt as a result of stock market speculations at the time of his nomination and used contributions to his campaign fund to make additional purchases of stock while this debt was hanging over him, according to testimony adduced yesterday at the hearing of the Frawley committee of the legislature.

This evidence is sufficient, according to Senator Frawley, to warrant impeachment proceedings against the governor for violation of the corrupt practices act and the committee closed its hearings yesterday to consider what action should be taken.

It is understood there is marked difference of opinion among the members as to the course to be pursued should the evidence, in their opinion, indicate that the governor has violated the so-called corrupt practices act in not giving a correct statement of campaign contributions. Some members, it was said yesterday, favored impeachment proceedings by the legislature; others recommended merely submitting the case to a grand jury.

The first witness was Lyman A. Spaulding, a lawyer. He testified that he contributed \$100 to the governor's campaign fund and produced the check therefor endorsed "William Sulzer." The back of the check bore words "pay to the order of the Manhattan Co., Boyer, Griswold & Co."

Spaulding said he had given the check to Judge Lewis J. Conlon, who had turned it over to Governor Sulzer.

Another alleged Sulzer check for \$1,000 deposited in the Manhattan Co. by Boyer, Griswold & Co., according to the endorsement on the back, was produced by William Mederek, clerk for Theodore W. Myers, a banker. The check was made out by Myers and endorsed with Sulzer's name.

These two checks together with the Lynn check testified to Thursday made a total of \$1,600 in checks that had been deposited.

Charles A. Reynolds, formerly cashier

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Acts directly and peculiarly on the blood; purifies, enriches and revitalizes it, and in this way builds up the whole system. Take it. Get it today. In usual liquid form or in chocolate coated tablets called Sarsatabs.

of Boyer, Griswold & Co. was called. He produced a transcript of the account of Frederick L. Colwell with the firm, and the amounts paid for stock purchased by Colwell. The account showed that the firm sold 200 shares of "Big Four" stock to Colwell at \$0.40, amount \$12,025, and that they were paid for with eight checks and currency. The checks, according to the records, bore the endorsements "William Sulzer" and of various persons who contributed to the Sulzer campaign fund.

The checks were as follows:  
William Sulzer (personal check) \$900  
Theodore W. Myers 1,000  
John Lynn 500  
Lyman A. Spaulding 100  
Edward F. O'Dwyer 300  
John W. Cox 1,000  
John T. Doling 1,000  
The rest of the \$12,025 was currency.

In reference to Sulzer's \$900 personal check, Mr. Richards said that Sulzer's accounts in the Farmers' Loan & Trust Co. showed that on the day the "Big Four" stock in question was purchased, Sulzer had withdrawn from the company \$900.

Melville B. Fuller testified that his brokerage firm, Harris & Fuller, had threatened to sell out the governor's account if he did not pay up a \$26,739 deficit in margins and after testimony had been introduced showing that a number of checks paid into the Sulzer campaign fund had been used by Frederick H. Colwell in paying for stock transactions in the office of that firm.

## STATE ENEMY OF FORESTS.

How New Hampshire Is Fighting Conservation.

Washington, Aug. 9.—The forest service was notified yesterday that Atty.-Gen. Tuttle of New Hampshire, on behalf of that state, had filed a brief which, in effect, defied the federal government to enforce the Weeks law for the conservation of water and power in the White mountains. This is the first official act of a state to prevent the progress of national conservation.

It is declared by government officials to raise the issue as to whether national or private control of the waters of both the Atlantic slope and the upper Ohio valley for power purposes shall prevail.

The New Hampshire attorney-general refuses to agree in the condemnation of 100,000 acres of land in the White mountains, except upon agreement that the power control shall remain with the state and that the lands shall pay a state tax.

## WILSON TO KEEP RIGHT ON

President Will Not Change  
His Mexican  
Programme

## UNMOVED BY HUERTA'S OBJECTIONS

Will Take the World Into  
His Confidence

Washington, Aug. 9.—Notwithstanding the unfavorable attitude of the Huerta government toward the mission of John Lind, personal representative of President Wilson, the administration here intends to follow out its program of peace toward Mexico to the letter, and hopes to gain the support of public opinion throughout the world by making known each step in its plans, to the foreign governments. As soon as Mr. Lind advises the state department of his arrival in Mexico City, there will be made public in Washington and in the Mexican capital simultaneously the proposal which the United States offers as marking the pathway to peace. The proposals will be transmitted as a matter of information to the diplomatic corps here for the other governments of the world. What the proposals contain has not been officially disclosed, but administration officials here are relying on the force of public opinion throughout the world to support the effort to persuade the contending factions to come to an understanding. Secretary Bryan and Secretary Daniels talked the situation over with President Wilson during the day, but it was said no changes in plans were contemplated.

## MEXICAN STATE- MENT IS A "MIS- REPRESENTATION"

Bryan Declares That U. S. Government  
in Sending Lind Is Wholly Within  
Its Rights.

Washington, Aug. 9.—After a conference with President Wilson, Secretary Bryan yesterday issued the following statement:

"The statement of the Mexican foreign office was based on misrepresentation, for which this government is not responsible. In sending Governor Lind as an advisor to the embassy the president is entirely within his rights, and this department will not assume that his going will be regarded as unfriendly when the character of his mission is understood."

## TRACING CHECKS PAID TO WATSON

Drawn To Ex-Congressman By N. A. M.,  
But Emery Says N. A. M. Did  
Not Employ Him.

Washington, Aug. 9.—James A. Emery continued yesterday as a witness before the Senate lobby committee about the legislative activities of the National Association of Manufacturers and the National Council for Industrial Defense. Emery testified that James W. Van Cleave, a leader in the N. A. M., had a large part in the steps that led to the organization of the National Tariff Commission association—which, however, had no connection with the N. A. M. or the Industrial Council.

The Tariff Commission association, he said, employed former Representative James E. Weston of Indiana, and not the N. A. M. or the Industrial Council. Two \$500 checks to Watson drawn by the manufacturers had previously been put in evidence. Senator Walsh expressed surprise at the apparent contradiction. Emery said he had been told that the checks were accounted for by a bookkeeping expedient, the National Association of Manufacturers, a contributor to the Tariff association, paying the sums direct to the former congressman.

Senator Reed developed that a majority of the members of the executive committee of the Tariff Commission association were also members of a tariff committee of the National Association of Manufacturers.

## McCALL NOT CLEAR THERE IS A CALL

For Him To Run For Governor in Massachusetts—Papers Being  
Circulated.

Boston, Aug. 9.—Former Congressman Samuel W. McCall, for whose nomination for governor at the Republican primaries next month papers are being circulated, issued a statement last night in which he said he did not wish to become a candidate and while he thought personal inclination should not govern where there was a call to public service, it was not clear such a call existed at the present time.

## POLICEWOMAN LOSE CASE.

Their First Prisoner Is Dismissed When  
She Weeps in Court.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Mrs. Nellie Cameron, the first prisoner arrested by police-women Margaret Butler and Margaret Wilson, gave way to tears in court yesterday, said she had taken some liquor to relieve rheumatism, and denied other accusations. The judge dismissed the case.

Mrs. Nellie Cameron, 23 years old, was taken into custody on a charge of disorderly conduct. In a short time a crowd had gathered. Mrs. Cameron was walked to the patrol box, where Detective Maher, who had seen the arrest, telephoned for the police conveyance. Both policewomen were almost unnerfed when someone in the crowd shouted "Three cheers for the women cops and their first arrest." When the patrol wagon arrived, Mrs. Cameron was turned over to the "wagon man" and the policewomen resumed their "beat." Mrs. Wilson forgot Chief McWeeny's caution about talking and admitting that she was a wife and mother while watching Mrs. Cameron, but regained her composure as she placed her under arrest.

## MENACE TO TARIFF BILL

Senator Johnson's Death  
May Hurt Democrats  
in Senate

## ONLY ONE VOTE TO SPARE

Alabama, However, May Act  
at Once—Will Delay  
Action

Washington, Aug. 9.—Predictions of the early passage of the tariff bill by the Senate have gone glimmering, the majority leaders now fearing the measure cannot be passed before Sept. 15 at the earliest.

But four of the 14 schedules have been considered and of these 36 paragraphs have been passed over for future consideration.

The death of Senator Johnston yesterday weakens the Democratic majority on the administration tariff bill in the Senate, though party leaders insist there still will be no serious difficulty in passing the measure. In the Democratic Senate caucus it was announced that 40 senators had declared they would support the bill on its final passage. At that time Senators Ransdell and Thornton of Louisiana were the only ones to declare they would vote against the bill, their opposition being because of the sugar schedule. On the basis of the caucus alignment, Democratic leaders figured that the vote on the tariff bill, without defections from either side, would be 40 to 47 for its passage. The death of Senator Johnston leaves the calculation 48 to 47.

It is evident that any western senator who does not strongly favor free sugar might possibly vote against the bill. The Democrats had been counting on the vice president to carry the day in case of a tie. Senator Johnston's death, provided his seat is not filled before the vote on the tariff bill, removes the vice president from the range of possibilities on any strict alignment. Should one vote be lost to the Democrats on the basis of present forecasts, and no member of the minority come to their aid, the vote would stand 48 to 47 against the bill. There still is the possibility that at least one member of the minority may vote for the Democratic bill. Danger of the Democrats losing their majority may be obviated by the legislature of Alabama, under the seventeenth amendment to the constitution, providing quickly for the filling of the vacancy caused by Senator Johnston's death.

## BANKS CAN GET \$100,000,000

Treasury Department Ready To Double  
the Amount Proposed To Move  
Crops, It Is Announced.

Washington, Aug. 9.—At a conference yesterday between bankers of the central West regarding the distribution of deposits to assist in moving the crops, Assistant Secretary John Skelton Williams declared the treasury was prepared to deposit \$100,000,000 if necessary.

The original plan called for \$50,000,000. The exact amount of the government deposits will be determined after the views of the bankers have been analyzed. Bankers of Chicago and Indianapolis it was said were not prepared to say whether the deposits would be needed by them, but they would be glad to receive a portion of the funds.

Generally, the government's proposition to put out the money was welcomed. Denver requested \$20,000,000. Mr. Williams informed the bankers that on deposits to be secured by state and other bonds, exclusive of government bonds and by commercial paper, the treasury department probably would insist upon an additional security of 10 per cent in United States bonds.

With a tentative decision reached to place \$25,000,000 in the South to assist in moving and marketing cotton and other crops, the principal question discussed yesterday was the division of the remainder between the middle and far West. The bankers generally, it was stated, were enthusiastic over the prospect of government assistance.

Secretary McAdoo made it clear to the bankers yesterday that while he felt impelled to deposit the money in the large centers in the agricultural belts, he would insist that the big banks receiving the funds should pass them along to the smaller or country banks at reasonable rates of interest. The treasury department is powerless to name the rate of interest, but the condition of reasonableness will be imposed.

## FOR DEFENSE OF HARBOR.

Federal Government Buys Brewster Island in Boston Harbor.

Boston, Aug. 9.—The United States government, through the office of United States District Attorney Asa P. French, yesterday completed the purchase for the war department of the Island of Outer Brewster from Benjamin Dean. It contains 30 acres.

The island is at the harbor entrance and is likely to be used to extend the defense of Boston harbor to a point considerably beyond the present limits.

## BANK EXAMINERS RESIGN.

General Order Now Prohibits Such Officers From Auditing Banks.

Boston, Aug. 9.—National Bank Examiners Alfred Ewer and William E. Neal of Boston have resigned because of the limitation recently placed upon their activities by the comptroller of the currency.

In a general order he prohibited examiners from examining or auditing the books of any concerns or individuals, confining the work of examiners to the examination of national banks.

## Two Good Ends ---Regal Shoes ---Straw Hats

Regal shoes are the best covering you can buy for your feet—because they wear as shoes should, fit as you like them to, and are stylish enough to hold the leadership among good shoes.

## Straw Hats at 1-3 Off

Don't fail to get in on this Straw Hat sale before the good ones are all picked out. Good selections yet, and prices very low.

## MOORE & OWENS,

BARRE'S LEADING CLOTHIERS

122 North Main St.

Barre, Vt.

## 55,176 PERSONS IN IRON MINING

In the United States During 1909, According to Bulletin About to Be  
Issued by Bureau of the  
Census.

Washington, D. C., August 9.—Statistics for the iron mining industry in the United States in 1909 are presented in detail in a bulletin soon to be issued by Director Harris of the Bureau of the census, department of commerce. It was prepared under the supervision of Isaac A. Hourwich, expert special agent for mining.

The total number of iron mines in the United States in 1909 was 4483. The number of persons engaged in the industry on December 15, 1909, or nearest representative date was 55,176, of whom 32,230 were wage earners. The expenses of operation and development amounted to \$74,071,830, of which the payments for salaries and wages constituted somewhat less than half.

The production of iron ore in crude form was 51,947,129 tons, but some of the ore produced in New York is concentrated at the mines, and the net production, after concentration, for the country as a whole was 51,717,920 tons. The quantity used by blast furnaces at the mines or shipped from the mines for use in affiliated blast furnaces at a distance or for sale was 59,521,208 tons, and its value at the mine was \$106,539,547, besides which manganese ore and other by-products, to the value of \$407,508 were produced, making the total value of products \$106,947,055. The value of iron ore produced in other industries (gold and silver mining, limestone quarrying, and brick and tile manufacturing) in 1909 was reported as \$175,965, which added to the net value of ore at the iron mines (\$106,539,547), gives a total value of iron ore for 1909 amounting to \$106,715,539.

The Lake Superior district, which comprises Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Michigan, and the Southern districts, which comprises Alabama, Georgia, and Tennessee, were the principal producing districts, the combined production of these two districts representing 81.9 per cent of the total tonnage of ore used by the operators in their own blast furnaces or sold in the market. The predominance of the Lake Superior district in the iron mining industry is shown conspicuously. More than four fifths of the ore used and sold in 1909 came from this district, and the value of this ore, including by-products, represented nearly seven-eighths of the total for the country.

**Leading States.**  
In 1909 Minnesota lead in the output of iron ore in the United States with a production of 28,314,713 tons, or 56 per cent of the total output for the United States. Michigan was second with 11,995 tons; Alabama third with 4,312,360 tons; New York fourth with 1,024,173 tons; and Wisconsin fifth with 1,002,600 tons. Other leading states produced together 3,942,501 tons.

There was an exceedingly rapid increase in the iron mining industry from 1879 to 1909. The gross amount of ore produced was more than eight times as great in 1909 as in 1879, and the expenditure for salaries and wages about three and a half times as great. The production of ore more than doubled between 1879 and 1889, and again more than doubled between 1889 and 1902, while between 1902 and 1909 there was an increase of 46.1 per cent.

**Increased Cost of Mining.**  
The returns show that in the United States as a whole the total reported expenses increased from \$1.16 per ton in 1902 to \$1.43 per ton in 1909, notwithstanding the fact that the expenses for 1902 included interest, which was excluded in 1909.

In the United States as a whole the average value of ore per ton at the mine increased from \$1.84 in 1902 to \$2.12 in 1909, or \$0.28 per ton—an increase slightly greater in absolute amount than that in the total reported expense per ton (\$0.27).

## TO END STOCK GAMBLING.

Bill for This Is Introduced in Congress by Representative Hulings.

Washington, Aug. 9.—A bill designed to stop gambling in stocks, bonds and warehouse receipts of all commodities, introduced yesterday by Representative Hulings, Progressive, of Pennsylvania, would compel all those dealing in securities or acceptances representing commodities to effect a delivery of the material bought and sold at the close of each transaction, executing a bill of sale, with government internal revenue stamps.

## AMERICAN LEAGUE

Yesterday's Results.

At Boston—Boston 5, Detroit 4. Batteries—Moseley and Thomas; Hall, Dabou and Stange.  
At Philadelphia—Chicago 4, Philadelphia 1. Batteries—Scott and Kuhn; Brown and Lapp.  
At Washington—Washington 4, Cleveland 3. Batteries—Johnson and Ainsmith; Cullop and Carish.  
At New York—St. Louis 6, New York 4. Batteries—Hamilton, Alexander and McAllister; McConnell, Fisher, Caldwell and Gossett.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Philadelphia	69	32	.683
Cleveland	64	42	.604
Washington	58	45	.563
Chicago	56	52	.519
Boston	50	62	.449
Detroit	44	63	.411
St. Louis	43	67	.391
New York	33	66	.333

## NATIONAL LEAGUE

Yesterday's Results.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh 4, Boston 2. Batteries—Adams and Gibson; Perdue, Rudolph and Brown.  
At Chicago—Philadelphia 16, Chicago 3. Batteries—Alexander, Marshall and Killifer; Lavender, Moore, Ritchie, Archer and Needham.  
At St. Louis—St. Louis 2, Brooklyn 0. Batteries—Doak and Wingo; Walker, Reulbach, Miller and Fischer.  
At New York—Cincinnati 7, New York 6. Batteries—Sugge, Ames, Clarke and Kling; Tesreau, Demaree and Wilson.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	69	32	.683
Philadelphia	61	36	.629
Chicago	54	49	.480
Pittsburgh	53	47	.524
Brooklyn	43	54	.443
Boston	41	58	.411
Cincinnati	42	63	.400
St. Louis	40	64	.384

## THEY DIVIDE ROWING HONORS.

America About Even with Canada at Boston in National Regatta.

Boston, Aug. 9.—The American and Canadian oarsmen divided honors in the first day of the 42nd annual regatta of the National association of Amateur Oarsmen in Charles river basin yesterday. R. Dibble, Toronto, won the quarter mile championship in association singles. The Argonauts, Toronto, won the international four oared.

Duluth intermediate eight won easily from a field of seven starters, also taking the intermediate four oared. The Union Boat club of Boston won the intermediate double sculls and the Riverides of Cambridge the senior centipedes.

## WINS KING GEORGE V CUP.

50-Footer Spartan Outslips Fleet of Eight Sloops.

Newport, Aug. 9.—The fifty-foot knockabout sloop Spartan owned by Edmund Randolph of New York, yesterday won the eighth race for the King George V cup of the New York Yacht club. Nine yachts completed.

Gunboat Smith Downs Flynn.

New York, Aug. 9.—Gunboat Smith of California defeated Jim Flynn, the Pueblo freeman, in the fifth round of a scheduled ten-round bout here last night. Smith knocked Flynn down four times in the fifth and the referee stopped the fight to save Flynn from being knocked out.

## FOUL PLAY.

Battered and Bruised Body of Woman Found by Police.

Boston, Aug. 9.—The battered and bruised body of Mrs. John Craig, 37 years old, was found in a kitchen of her home in South Boston early yesterday under conditions which the police believed indicated foul play. Mrs. Craig had been struck repeatedly by some blunt weapon.

Shortly after discovering her body the police arrested Daniel Dineen, the woman's brother, on charge of drunkenness. Dineen had boarded with Mrs. Craig about a week.

## KODAK HEADQUARTERS Drown's Drug Store

Drown's is also headquarters for low prices on popular advertised Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, etc, saving you from 25 to 40 per cent.

## Princess Tooth Powder

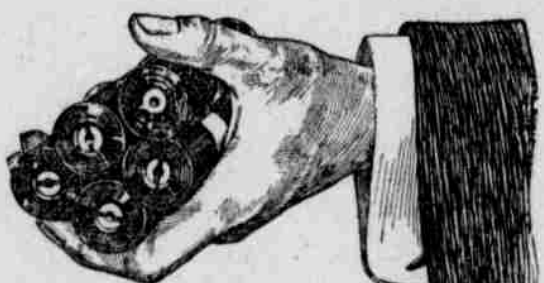
is a new product. If used every day it will make the teeth white and lustrous. Sweetens the breath and preserves the health.

Price 25c

## A. D. S. Blackberry Cordial

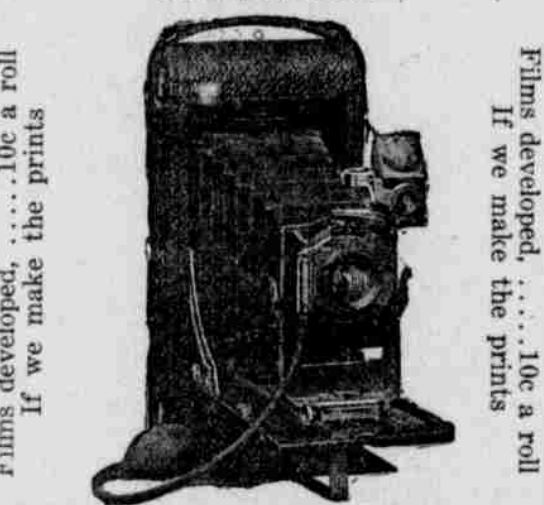
A safe and sure remedy for summer ailments, due to hot weather. Warranted to prove satisfactory or money back.

Price 25c



A handful of Film Cartridges in one pocket, a Kodak in the other, and you are equipped for a picture taking tour of the world.

KODAKS



The simplicity, convenience and efficiency of the Kodak system have put amateur photography within reach of every man, woman and child at small cost. KODAKS, \$5.00 upwards. BROWNIES, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Kodak Supplies of all kinds in the genuine Eastman quality. No substitutes at this store. It's the best or nothing.

## Vogue Royale Talc

is air floated. It is bolted through the finest of silk bolting cloth, and is delightfully perfumed with a new odor that is instantly refreshing.

Price 25c

## A. D. S. Embrocation

A valuable remedy and effective liniment for relief of pain, soreness and stiffness of joints and muscles. A white soothing, penetrating family liniment.

Price 25c

Favorite Chocolates—A truly Saturday bargain in the sweet line, regular 40c quality, for 29c

Old Fashioned Chocolates, 20c; New Salted Peanuts, 20c.

Delicious Frozen Pudding.

Drown's Quality Ice Cream is fast gaining friends—it is quality all the way through—from start to finish. For Saturday and Sunday we have Vanilla, Chocolate and Caramel—at the fountain or take it out. Price in bulk, 40c the quart.

Please 'phone us your orders, our phone is a one party line—the call 63-W. We deliver goods free anywhere in the city. Yours for good service and low prices.

## DROWN'S DRUG STORE

Drugs and Kodaks

## Vermont Football League

## Bonaccord

vs

## Rangers

Saturday, August 9

Berlin Street Grounds

Kick off 5:30 Admission 25c